

THE GETTYSBURG TIMES.

Vol X. No. 211

Gettysburg, Pa. Friday June 21 1912

Price Two Cents

We Ask Your Attention

To our lines of children's OXFORDS, which we know are comprehensive and up-to-minute in style and fit.

Patents, Gun-Metals, Velvets, Tans, White Canvas in an assortment of nobby patterns; Two Strap, One Strap, Roman Sandal, Barefoot Sandal, Blucher Lace. If we haven't mentioned the kind you want, let us know, we'll try to obtain it for you.

Eckert's Store, "On The Square"



WIZARD THEATRE

Essanay Lubin Edison

The Deputy's Love Affair

A splendid dramatic subject pulsating with the hot blood of the Mexican border. Mr. G. M. Anderson in a great role. You must see this one.

Incidents of the Durbar at Delhi

This picture is of great educational value and full of spectacular interest.

Tommy's Geography Lesson

All the children will want to see this picture. A good comedy.

The Revolutionist

A thrilling war story full of action.

The WIZARD fans are now running in good condition. "The coolest place to spend your evenings". Open till 10:45 giving all late comers benefit of a full show.

Bright young lady wanted. Very light position. Call at Wizard Theatre.

Out Door Sporting Goods

Tennis Rackets \$1.50 to \$8.00

" Balls 25c to 50c

Base Ball Bats, Balls, Mitts, Gloves, etc.

Most everything in stock if not we get it on short notice

FRANK TREICHLER, Ph. G., Manager.

Huber's Drug Store.

NEW PHOTOPLAY

Vitaphone Pathe Cines

Her Forgotten Dancing Shoes..... Vitaphone Comedy
Lively, active and a big laugh comedy.

Taft and his Cabinet..... Vitaphone
Allow us to introduce you to President Taft and his Cabinet. The doors of the White House are open to you, after you meet these distinguished gentlemen, we will show you the sights of Washington

The Rival Constables..... Pathe Comedy
Karlborg (Sweden)..... Pathe

War School..... Pathe

The Deserter..... Cines

Live Right, Dress Right and You're All Right

There isn't a man in the world more entitled to good looks, good clothes and good luck than yourself.

Lippy Clothes are the kind that put you right.

J. D. LIPPY, Tailor.

THE QUALITY SHOP

Our Summer list of Haberdashery consists of a fine line of underwear, Lion Brand Shirts and collars, the very latest line of ties, including the Del Park wash ties, interwoven silk hose and the famous Brigham Hopkins straw hats.

Our High School and College Penants and Cushions make nice graduation presents.

We have the official Boy Scout Penant.

You will find in our Tailoring department a fine assortment of Summer Fabrics for your commencement suit.

Will M. Seligman.

Tailor. Haberdasher.

Thomas Brothers on the Square for a Square Deal

Hair Switches \$1.25 to \$2.50, new assortment of Ladies' Hand Bags, new lot 100 piece Dinner Sets, at the low price, Lap Spreads and Fly Nets at special prices, we have a Straw Hat to please you in style and price. Yours truly

THOMAS BROTHERS

BIGLERVILLE.

FARMERS - - ATTENTION

Do you know that we have Farm Machinery of all kinds? We have a carload of Deering and McCormick Binders and Mowers, Horse Rakes and Hay Tedders, just in.

Dry Batteries

Columbia Dry Batteries for Gasoline Engines, Automobiles etc. These batteries have a stronger current and last longer than most batteries. Price 25c each. We give S. & H. Green Trading Stamps.

Gettysburg Department Store.

WILL RESURFACE NEW OXFORD ROAD

Work on Making Good Road of Old York Pike will likely Commence Next Week, Operations Starting at Both Ends.

Edward S. Frey, in charge of state highway work in Adams and York counties, stated this morning that work would be started in the very near future—probably next week—resurfacing the pike between Gettysburg and New Oxford. The work is to be done thoroughly and the road will conform to the regular state highways after it is finished.

It is understood that Mr. Frey will place two gangs of men at work, one starting from New Oxford and the other from Gettysburg. A number of workmen will be brought here for the work while jobs will also be open to local men who want them.

Crushed stone will be used on the road which already has a very good foundation. The wooden bridges will be replaced by pipes and the road made level over those, supplanting the objectionable "humpers" which prove such an annoyance to automobile tourists.

There is to be no delay in the operations and Mr. Frey desires that it be done with as much speed as possible without impairing the quality of the work.

The customary rolling will follow the placing of the stone on the road and a good highway through from York to Chambersburg, with but few stretches of poor road, will be the result of the action to be taken.

The purchase of the road from Chambersburg to Bedford, now under consideration, will mean that Gettysburg will soon be on a line of fine highways from east to west. This has been one of State Highway Commissioner Bigelow's most favorite ideas and the resurfacing of the road between Gettysburg and New Oxford forms one of the most important parts of the work.

It will be recalled that a town meeting a year ago had this for its object and, though somewhat delayed, the present determination to give a good highway may be attributed in part to the work of local parties.

CHURCH NOTICES

REFORMED

Sunday School 9:15 a. m.; church service 10:30 a. m., subject, "A Hundred Sheep." No evening service. Children's Day service at St. Mark's at 7:30 p. m.

ST. JAMES LUTHERAN

Holy Communion Sunday morning at 10:30 and Sunday evening at 7:00. Sunday School 9:00; Christian Endeavor 6:15. Preparatory services Friday evening at 7:30 and Saturday afternoon at 2:00.

METHODIST

Sunday School at 9:30 in the morning; Epworth League at 6:30 p. m.; preaching at 7:30. A cordial invitation to all services. L. Dow Ott, pastor.

FOR PEACH TREE BORERS

Hundreds of growers of peach trees in this state are now asking what to do for the peach tree borer which is regarded as one of the very worst pests of these trees. A prominent grower in Central Pennsylvania wrote to State Zoologist H. A. Surface, at Harrisburg, asking for information as to the best treatment to prevent future attacks of his trees by the borer. He received a reply instructing him to prepare the lime sulphur solution by boiling together one pound of lime and two pounds of sulphur with each gallon of water, and apply it as a spray or wash around the base of each tree. The directions were as follows:

"You must apply the lime sulphur solution at least once per month during the middle of each month of June, July and August and possibly also September. I have tried this and know for a certainty about it from personal experience.

"The way I do is to make the application of lime sulphur solution strong, the same as for San Jose scale, but with some sediment present, putting it on with brushes, or with the spray pump with the cap removed from the nozzle. Do this about the middle of June, after having removed the earth from around the trunk of the tree with a hoe, making a little ditch or groove around the base of the tree. Just as soon as this is dry replace the earth, mounding it up to one half foot or more. I always make the application one foot or more above the ground. The next time leave the earth mounded and make it so that the solution will be pretty sure to penetrate the top of this mound. Use plenty. One pint to one quart to a tree is not too much if the tree is large. On small trees one half pint may be enough. Also, add about one ounce of arsenate of lead for each gallon of this material, which is practically three pounds to fifty gallons."

WAS TRAPPED IN DANGEROUS PLACE

Harvey Hartman, Employee at Reaser Furniture Factory, Caught in Swirling Mass of Saw Dust, Shavings and Wood.

Harvey Hartman, an employee at the factory of the Reaser Furniture Company, had a narrow escape from serious injury in a most unusual way on Thursday.

The plant is equipped with a complete dust removal system which takes all saw dust, shavings, small pieces of wood and other material from the factory through pipes to a drum at the roof of the central portion of the buildings where it is conveyed by a large tube to the boiler rooms and used as fuel. The system became clogged on Thursday and a number of the employees got to work to open up the various connecting pipes.

Mr. Hartman went to the roof of the building and with a ladder got down into the drum where he started to clear away the congestion of saw dust and other stuff. Suddenly, and without any warning, operations were resumed and he was in a moment in the midst of a swirling mass of the material which goes through the drum with terrific speed and made fair to choke him. He retained his presence of mind, however, and crawled out into the open.

The employees who knew he was in the drum evidently forgot to investigate whether or not he had reached the open again before starting up the system and Mr. Hartman was in no little danger.

"Weren't you afraid of dropping into the big pipe?" asked a fellow workman.

"No," he replied, "I was more afraid of being blown out through the top."

Outside of a good fright and a thorough coating of dust Mr. Hartman suffered nothing from his experience.

UNION SERVICES

At the June meeting of the Ministerial Association, the following schedule of Summer evening union services was arranged: July 7, Methodist; July 14, St. James; July 21, Presbyterian; July 28, Chautauque; August 4, Chautauque; August 11, United Brethren; August 18, Reformed; August 25, Episcopal.

Each pastor will preach in his own church or at least be responsible for the service in his own church.

It was also decided by the association to hold the morning services in the various churches on the two Chautauque Sundays. There are always some people, especially the older people who would rather worship in the quiet of their own sanctuary than to go in the crowd to a big tent. For the benefit of such the churches of town will be open on the two Chautauque mornings.

The hour will be arranged so as not to conflict with the service in the tent, thus enabling those who attend church in the town to go out to the tent if they care to do so.

FAMILY REUNION

A family reunion was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Harlacher, of Emig's Mill, in honor of Mr. Harlacher's eighty first birthday, the following being present: Jacob Harlacher and wife, Jacob Wallace and wife, George Harlacher and wife, John Harlacher and wife, Adam Harlacher, wife and daughter, Margaret; Wesley Harlacher, wife and daughter, Edie; Charles Harlacher and daughters, Carrie and Catherine; Charles Dennis, wife and children, Clara, Ada and Earl; Bruce Harlacher, wife and children, George, Romaine and Donald; Philip Seidenstricker and wife, George Linebaugh and wife, Andrew Seiffert and wife, Abner Rauschauser, Maurice Seiffert, William Seiffert, John Zeigler, Henry and Paul Linebaugh, Ralph Forecht, Abalom Heighes, Mrs. Mary Baker, Misses Mable Harlacher, Annie Harlacher, Virgie Baker, Margaret and Eva Dorothy, Daisy Gintling, Mary Zeigler, Fairy Linebaugh.

PLAN GALA DAY

South Mountain Grange No. 1401, of Arendtsville, will hold their annual picnic on Tuesday, August 6th. Hon. John W. McSparran, a leading state game lecturer, and one of Lancaster county's progressive farmers, has been secured and will be present and discuss some of the leading topics of the day. An interesting program will be arranged to entertain both young and old. The public is invited.

FARM SOLD

Runk and Peckman have sold for Norman H. Swartz his 106 acre farm near Round Top to W. E. Smith, of Franklin county.

BASE BALL: there will be a game of base ball between Gettysburg and Arendtsville, at Arendtsville Saturday, June 22.

WERTZ FORTUNE IS NOT A MYTH

Members of Family Say Story of Fictitious Fortune was Sent out by a Disgruntled Relative. Still after the Millions.

That Wertz family fortune of some two hundred millions discredited throughout the country by the newspapers during the past few weeks seems to have some existence after all. Local people have been taking much interest in the story and its developments because of descendants of Peter Wertz who live in Gettysburg and nearby places.

The story that the Wertz fortune was a myth came from one M. A. Wertz, a government employee residing in Washington who, according to the president of the Wertz Family Association, bears a grudge against the active spirits in the effort to regain the inheritance. Estelle Ryan Snyder, the president, has given for publication a long letter on the matter which says among other things:

"The Wertz Family Association, through its president, Mrs. Estelle Ryan Snyder, of Chicago, desires to state that the reports now being circulated by one M. A. Wertz, of Washington, D. C., that the Wertz inheritance is a myth and fabrication, and the attempted recovery of same originated by an unscrupulous lawyer, who is trying to swindle the descendants, is a malicious falsehood.

"The motive for the M. A. Wertz's attack is that over a year ago he made a proposition to the President, Mrs. Snyder, to cooperate with him in getting out a book of Wertz genealogy, ridiculed the idea at that time, but the Wertz inheritance could ever be recovered but advised using the alleged fortune as a bait to sell the Wertz genealogy books that he wished to publish.

"Mrs. Snyder wrote a very caustic reply refusing to enter into what she considered a dishonorable agreement. Since that time M. A. Wertz has done his utmost to discredit the Wertz family. Resolutions were drawn up at the annual board meeting condemning Wertz's action and the original letter written by M. A. Wertz was sent together with the resolutions to President Taft. The slanderous reports ceased instantly. Recently the man has broken out afresh and is circulating libelous reports concerning the Wertz family and their efforts.

"March 27, a cablegram was sent from a special newspaper correspondent, Berlin, Germany, to the Associated Press of the United States stating that the Wertz heirs were about to start suit for the recovery of a dormant inheritance of \$225,000,000 left by Field Marshall Paul Wertz.

"Since that cablegram, the attorney representing the Wertz heirs, Dr. Von Velsen of Dusseldorf who, by the way, has given his services for nearly two years gratuitously owing to the fact that he himself is an heir, has secured in the Courts of Hamburg the "Poor's Privilege in Law Suits." This is to enable Miss Wertz a legally proven descendant of Paul Wertz to institute suit on behalf of herself and all heirs under the poor's privilege.

"Mrs. Snyder has placed the matter in the hands of the United States District Attorney of Chicago to see whether action can be taken against M. A. Wertz for using his position, as an employee of Uncle Sam, to discredit and harass reputable citizens."

MRS. JOHN LITTLE

Mrs. Alice Little, wife of John Little, died at his home, Helen Seaton, Thursday evening, her twelfth birthday. The following were present: Anna Miller, Evelyn Toot, Anna Sefton, Gladys Raymond, Gladys Burgeon, Evelyn Burgeon, Grace Weaver, Dorothy Brown, Floranna Hoke, Constance Weaver, Helen Peffer, Louise Bender, Marguerite Ott, Helen Sefton, Fred Miller, Fred Peffer, David Daugherty, Leroy Hart, Charles Miller, Leroy Weinbrenner, Wilmer Hart, John Ogden, Charles Ogden, Joseph Williams, Rex Gilbert, William Kitzmiller, Rad Lippy, Henry Waidlich, Robert Ludwig, Milton Bender.

AUTO LINE

Commencing on July 1, W. L. Forney will establish an automobile line from Caledonia to Gettysburg making two trips daily. The automobile is a seven passenger Franklin car and was recently purchased by Mr. Forney in Philadelphia. The auto will leave Caledonia at 9 o'clock a. m., and at 1 p. m. for Gettysburg.

TOO MANY BUYERS

Spangler and Oyler offered a second hand mower for sale in a Times local. The first insertion brought a purchaser and other buyers also called for the machine.

TAX NOTICE: after July 1st all unpaid taxes in my duplicates prior to 1912, will be placed in the hands of an officer, Simon P. Stover, McKnightstown Station, for collection. By order of the different Boards. Don't forget the date July 1st. H. F. Heiges, collector.

BUGGY and wagon wheels for sale at cost, only a few more sets left. Adams County Hardware Co.

HAPPENINGS ABOUT TOWN

Short Paragraphs of News Telling of Happenings in and about Gettysburg. Salvation Army Detail here.

Miss Anna Eckernode returned home from St. Joseph's College, Emmitsburg.

Mrs. Ira Ziegler and three children are spending the week with friends in Littlestown.

Miss Kathryn Deardorff, of West Middle street, is spending several weeks in York and Manchester.

A detail of four Salvation Army men held services on the Square this morning. They were en route to Starry's Woods near Five Points where a camp meeting is in progress.

The Gettysburg base ball team will play at Arendtsville on Saturday. Other games have been scheduled.

Interest in the Chicago convention is very keen among Gettysburg people and every train that brings papers is met by a bunch of anxious citizens, waiting for the latest news from the "Windy City."

The following were guests at an informal dance held Thursday evening in the Sigma Chi fraternity house, Mrs. Lloyd Van Duren, Misses Elizabeth VanCleave, Gladys VanCleave, Louise McKnight, Zita Kamer, Helen Kendlehart, Frances Shely, Marian Shely, Mary Kohler, Helen Young, Frances Fritchey.

Subscribers have recently sent in a number of unsigned news items which have not found their way into print. All matter not signed is promptly consigned to the waste basket.

An automobile, advertising tires, passed through Gettysburg today on a trip from coast to coast.

Next year looks good for convention business for Gettysburg. More attractions are already in sight than usual and these do not include the Fiftieth Anniversary events.

JACOB HEAGEY

Jacob Heagey, a life long resident of Butler township, died at his home, "Fairview," near Biglerville on Thursday, aged 81 years, 7 months and 4 days. Mr. Heagey was a well known farmer.

He leaves his wife, Mrs. Rebecca Heagey, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Cronise, of near Frederick; three sons and three daughters: Dr. Henry S. C. Heagey, of Cohanville; Frank W. G. Heagey, of Gettysburg; Jesse Heagey, of Frederick; Mrs. Annie R. I. Seiss, of Graceham, Md.; Mrs. Elmira M. J. Rouzer, of York; Mrs. Hannah B. C. Reigle, of Bendersville and nineteen grandchildren: Dr. F. W. Heagey, Miss Annie R. Heagey, Mrs. Susan Miller, Misses M. Fell and Mamie I. Seiss, Willis Seiss, Rev. William H. Rouzer, Harry W. Rouzer, Mrs. Esther Wilson, Mrs. Grace Lupp, Mrs. Annie Goodermuth, Annie W. H. and Garis Heagey, May, Bertha, Elma, Ruth and Chandler Heagey. Four great grandchildren also survive, Pearl, Wilson, Ruth and Mary Seiss. Mr. Heagey also leaves two sisters and one brother, Miss Mary A. Heagey and George Calvin Heagey, of Gettysburg; and Mrs. Jane Keady, of Oortanna.

Funeral from his late home at twelve o'clock, noon, Sunday. Interment in Evergreen cemetery, Gettysburg.

SURPRISE PARTY

A very enjoyable time was had at the home of Helen Seaton, Thursday evening, her twelfth birthday. The following were present: Anna Miller, Evelyn Toot, Anna Sefton, Gladys Raymond, Gladys Burgeon, Evelyn Burgeon, Grace Weaver, Dorothy Brown, Floranna Hoke, Constance Weaver, Helen Peffer, Louise Bender, Marguerite Ott, Helen Sefton, Fred Miller, Fred Peffer, David Daugherty, Leroy Hart, Charles Miller, Leroy Weinbrenner, Wilmer Hart, John Ogden, Charles Ogden, Joseph Williams, Rex Gilbert, William Kitzmiller, Rad Lippy, Henry Waidlich, Robert Ludwig, Milton Bender.

FOUR FOOT OATS

Bishop Hollinger has started this year's agricultural exhibit at The Times office by contributing several stalks of oats, measuring four feet in length. The field is beginning to turn and will be ready for harvest before long while the other oats on his farm is several weeks behind this new variety. The stalks brought to The Times office had fine heads.

GOOD CATCH

Powers Pittenturf landed ten bass on Thursday, the total weight of which was nine and a half pounds.

NEW SQUIRE

C. W. Hykes has been named as justice of the peace for Tyrone township, vice A. G. Crist, resigned.

LETTERS FROM COUNTY TOWNS

Correspondents send in Many Items of Interesting News from their Respective Towns. Personals and Many Brief Items.

BIGLERVILLE

Biglerville, June 21—John Stave is on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. John Lawver were visiting friends in Biglerville this week.

Mrs. Harry Fahl has returned home from Johns Hopkins hospital feeling much benefited.

Will Bolen and Miss Bessie Naylor were visitors in Hampton recently.

M. J. Settle, of Waynesboro, has purchased two lots from the Mowery estate and will erect a new house in the near future.

On Sunday evening at the United Brethren Church a "Sunday School in Action" will be held. An elaborate program has been prepared. Everyone welcome.

Rev. P. C. Hoffman will hold preaching services on Thursday evening of each week in the United Brethren church.

BONNEAUVILLE

Bonneauville, June 21—Born to Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Shanabrook, a son.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Francis Noel, a son.

Charles Chrismer and wife and John McSherry, of Littlestown, spent Sunday with the former's parents, William Chrismer and wife.

James and Frank Smith on Saturday visited the latter's brother, Sylvester Smith, who is under treatment at a Baltimore hospital.

Jerome Golden is suffering with rheumatism and is not able to be around.

Miss Ruth Shanabrook spent several days in Gettysburg.

Roy Snyder and Miss Dillie Weikert spent Thursday with the Harlacher family, at Stone Jug.

Eugene Grot, of McSherrytown, was the guest Saturday and Sunday of his father-in-law, Charles Strausbaugh, at this place.

Harry Melhorn, of New Oxford, spent several days with his brother, Eugene Melhorn, in this place.

Peter Gebhart, of Gettysburg, spent Sunday at his home in this place.

Master George Reimer left Monday to spend some time in York.

Rev. Father McIlhenry, of St. Joseph's rectory, spent Tuesday in McSherrytown.

E. L. Golden and son, Leo, transacted business in Gettysburg Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Weaver, of near Littlestown, were guests Tuesday of Leo Frommeyer and wife.

KRALLTOWN

Kralltown, June 21—Mennonite preaching service at this place next Saturday evening and Sunday morning.

On account of the inclement weather Sunday evening the children's day exercises at Red Mount were postponed until Tuesday evening. An interesting program was rendered to a large audience.

Born to B. E. Joseph and wife June 6th, a daughter.

Howard Harbold is engaged in hauling spokes to Dillsburg for Willis Reynolds.

M. R. Deardorff and wife were guests of C. W. Nelson and family near Clear Springs Sunday.

Mrs. B. L. Rosh and daughters, Elsie and Ruth, are spending some time with her sister, Mrs. Charles Sowers and family, near Big Mount.

Miss Lida Strayer, of York, is visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. P. K. Strayer.

Mrs. Harper Detter and daughter, Isabelle, and son, George, of East Berlin, visited her parents, M. H. Goehenor and wife, Monday.

M. R. Deardorff and C. T. Griffin are busy planting tobacco.

Master Frank Myers is spending some time with his grandparents, Isaac Myers and wife.

A birthday party was held at the home of John Krall and family Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Krall's birthday, about seventy five people being present.

BARBEHENN-MILLER

Howard Barbehenn and Miss Mary Miller, of Martinsburg, West Virginia, were married Wednesday morning in Martinsburg by Rev. C. S. Trump. They are spending part of their wedding trip with H. P. Barbehenn on Stratton street.

LANDIS harness machine for sale cheap. Cost new \$250.00. Will sacrifice. Adams County Hardware Co.

THE GETTYSBURG TIMES

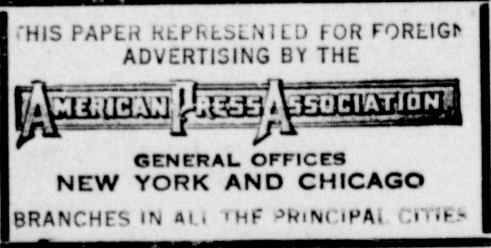
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BELL PHONE UNITED PHONE
Office in Northwest corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pennsylvania.



Want ads. 1 cent per word for first insertion and one-half cent per word for each additional insertion. Resolutions of respect, poetry and memorials 1 cent per word.

TO OUR READERS

The Gettysburg Times takes absolutely no part in politics, being neutral on all such matters. Anything that appears in general news columns, concerning state or national politics, is furnished us by The American Press Association, a concern which gives the same news to Republican, Democratic, Prohibition, or Socialist papers and which is strictly non-partisan.

--WHIPS FREE--

\$1.00 Raw Hide Whip Free with every set of Harness purchased from us this month.

We have several bargains.

We have a few BUGGIES we will sell at cost.

ADAMS COUNTY
HARDWARE CO.

"Look In Our Hat Window"

Any Hat In Window

10 cts.

C. B. KITZMILLER.

There will be a

Pic-nic and Dance

In March's Woods

SATURDAY, JUNE 22nd

Everybody Invited

John A. Menchey

PUBLIC AUCTION Of HOUSEHOLD GOODS

Saturday afternoon at 1 o'clock, in Centre Square.

The undersigned will sell a lot of Household furniture,
BEDS, SPRINGS, MATTRESSES,
Some of these Mattresses and Springs were used a short time.

2 REFRIGERATORS, 1 LARGE WALNUT
SIDEBOARD, in good condition.

At same time will sell several good BUGGIES, 1 RUNABOUT Rubber
Tire, used a short time.

Do not miss this sale if you need something.

Chas. S. Mumper & Co.

ROOSEVELT IS READY TO LEAD NEW PARTY

Urges Delegates to Bolt With Him.

THEY PLEDGE SUPPORT

Colonel Will Accept Nomination as Progressive.

WILL APPEAL TO THE PEOPLE

Willing to Fight, Win or Lose, on Principle Alone.

Chicago, June 21.—Colonel Roosevelt, before his political advisers and personally selected number of delegates instructed for him, read a statement of his position in the Republican nomination fight and left them to decide what position they would take in the struggle.

Mr. Roosevelt called before him two delegates from each of the states which has supported him, and the leaders in his campaign. After outlining his position, declaring that he would continue to fight on the principles he had outlined from the beginning, the colonel left the room, and the delegates and leaders sat down to deliberate what should be done.

The Roosevelt delegates, after a two hour session and after hearing Colonel Roosevelt outline his position in the fight, adopted a resolution providing that they should participate in the regular convention sessions until it became apparent that they could no longer take part in the proceedings.

The caucus of Roosevelt leaders also determined that between sessions a caucus should be held to determine upon the action of each session as it may affect their position.

Former Governor Franklin Fort, of New Jersey, presided at the conference of delegates and leaders.

In his address to the delegates Colonel Roosevelt said:

"The time has come when I feel that I must make certain statements, not only to the honestly elected members of the Republican national convention, but to the rank and file of the Republican party and the honest people of the entire nation. I went into this fight for certain principles. At the moment I can only serve these principles by continuing to hear the personal responsibility which their advocacy has brought me.

"On behalf of these principles I made by appeals straight to the people themselves. I went before them, I made my argument in full, and every one I made was in the open, without concealment of any kind. The occasion to me was extraordinarily bitter, but I was opposed to the solid phalanx of the big, conscienceless political bosses with back of them practically the solid phalanx of the big, conscienceless beneficiaries of these special privileges in every form, and many of the big newspapers which are controlled by or conducted in the interests of the bosses and special privileges.

"Nevertheless in the appeal to the people I won. In many of the Republican states, and of the Democratic states where there is large and real Republican party, primaries of different kinds were held, and a substantial expression of the will of the people was obtained. In these primary states some 3,000,000 voters, the rank and file of the Republican party, cast their ballots. I beat Mr. Taft considerably over two to one. In these states I obtained six delegates to Mr. Taft's one, and nearly three-fourths of my delegates came from the primary states, where the people had a chance to express themselves.

"Mr. Taft's strength, as indicated by the two roll calls already taken, consisted chiefly (aside from his ninety stolen delegates) of the nearly solid delegations from the territories and from the southern states, in which there is no real Republican party—South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Arkansas, Mississippi, Louisiana, and all northern states, like New York, where the people had no chance to express themselves at primaries and where the delegates were picked by the bosses.

"The Illinois delegation held a conference meeting and voted, 56 to 2, not to follow a possible bolt.

The Taft leaders again recorded their fidelity to President Taft's cause and in addition interpreted the situation in the Roosevelt camp in a statement issued by Director William B. McKinley, in which he said, among other things:

"The opposition to President Taft is disorganized and demoralized. It is hopelessly defeated. The president's strength, on the other hand, not only remains solid, but is receiving accessions every hour. Mr. Taft's nomination is now an assured fact."

The California delegation met and prepared a resolution announcing its withdrawal from the convention. The delegates said that they would not be bound by "a lot of thieves."

Notice was sent to the Taft headquarters by the Taft delegates from Indiana that they favor a compromise candidate. There are twenty Taft delegates from Indiana, as against ten

constituting a title to party regularity or claim to the support of any honest man of any party.

"I hope that the honestly elected majority will at once insist upon the immediate purging of the roll in its entirety, and not piecemeal by the convention.

"If this purging is not accomplished I hope that the honestly elected delegates will decline all further connection with a convention whose action is now determined, and has hitherto been determined, by a majority which is made a majority only by the action of the fraudulent delegates whom the convention has refused to strike from the rolls.

"If the leaders of the honestly elected majority disagree with me in this matter and wish for any cause to defer for the moment this action, then I most earnestly hope that at least they will insist upon voting on the cases of these fraudulent delegates en bloc and not separately. We cannot afford to pardon a thief on condition that he surrenders half the stolen goods.

"If the honestly elected majority of the convention chooses to proceed with business and to nominate me as their candidate of the real Republican party I shall accept. If some among them fear to take such a stand, and the remainder choose to inaugurate a movement to nominate me for the presidency as a progressive on a progressive platform and in such event the general feeling among progressives favors my being nominated I shall accept. In either case I shall make my appeal to every honest citizen in the nation, and I shall fight the campaign through even if I do not get a single electoral vote.

"I do not wish a single man to support me with national feeling for me. I have nothing to offer any man; any man who supports me will do so without any hope of gain and at the risk of personal loss and discomfort; but if, having this in view, those fervent in this great fight for the rule of the people mentioned for social and industrial justice, which has now also become a clear-cut fight, for honesty against dishonesty, fraud and theft, desire me to lead the fight, I will do so."

COMPROMISE URGED TO HEAL BREACH

Hadley and Hughes Mentioned as Candidates.

Chicago, June 21.—Compromise candidates as a possible means of healing the break in the Republican party and averting a more serious rupture were discussed generally in hotel corridors and all other places where political leaders gathered.

The most prominent names mentioned were those of Herbert S. Hadley, governor of Missouri, and Josiah Hughes, of the United States supreme court, and Senator Elihu Root.

The boom for Justice Hughes originated, according to reports, in a conference of the New York delegation. Senator Cummins and Senator La Follette, who jointly control forty-six votes in the national Republican convention, also were canvassed as possible nominees. During the day H. P. La Follette, of Tennessee, a cousin of the senator, held a conference with William Barnes, Jr., chairman of the New York delegation, and one of the Taft leaders of the convention. It was said that the visitor had a message from the Wisconsin leaders regarding the La Follette instructed delegates.

Details of the conference were not given out, but the visit caused some gossip.

The offers of a compromise candidate came, it was said, from the Roosevelt camp, and it was reported that there were serious discussions there between the radical and the conservative Roosevelt men.

If there is a bolting convention several state delegations will not follow, and neither Senator William E. Borah, of Idaho, a Roosevelt leader and one of the men who argued the Roosevelt case before the national committee, nor Governor Hadley will participate in it.

The Illinois delegation held a conference meeting and voted, 56 to 2, not to follow a possible bolt.

The Taft leaders again recorded their fidelity to President Taft's cause and in addition interpreted the situation in the Roosevelt camp in a statement issued by Director William B. McKinley, in which he said, among other things:

"The opposition to President Taft is disorganized and demoralized. It is hopelessly defeated. The president's strength, on the other hand, not only remains solid, but is receiving accessions every hour. Mr. Taft's nomination is now an assured fact."

The California delegation met and prepared a resolution announcing its withdrawal from the convention. The delegates said that they would not be bound by "a lot of thieves."

Notice was sent to the Taft headquarters by the Taft delegates from Indiana that they favor a compromise candidate. There are twenty Taft delegates from Indiana, as against ten

TEDDY'S HAT.

Roosevelt Rooters With "Hat In Ring" Yelling For Colonel.



Photo by American Press Association.

Roosevelt delegates. This was shown by the vote on temporary chairman of the convention, and all agree that this will be the standing throughout.

United States Senator Gronna, of North Dakota, was authority for the statement that North Dakota's delegation would refuse to "bolt" the convention.

WITH T. R. TO THE LIMIT

63 Pennsylvania Delegates Will Bolt Unless Roll Is Changed.

Chicago, June 21.—"Absolutely no compromise. We stand by Colonel Roosevelt to the end. If we don't get a purged roll, we'll bolt; we will submit to defeat with honor, but not with dishonor."

This was the comment on the contest between President Taft and Colonel Roosevelt, made by Guy B. Mayo, vice chairman of the Pennsylvania delegation to the Republican national convention. Mr. Mayo, who is William Flinn's chief lieutenant, declared that he spoke for sixty-three out of the seventy-six delegates from Pennsylvania, the one man who will not bolt being David B. Johns, of Allegheny county, chairman of the Republican organization.

Despite demonstrations and declarations and caucuses, however, there is manifest among the Pennsylvania Roosevelt men a disposition to compromise, provided the candidate be a Roosevelt man. That accounts for William H. Coleman, of McKeesport, booming Governor Hadley, of Missouri. It accounts also for a Philadelphia Roosevelt delegate's suggestion of "Hadley or Hughes."

On the whole, however, Pennsylvania's Roosevelt contingent is determined to follow the colonel no matter how hard he may ride.

RULES OUT BOLTERS

Rules Committee Adopts an Amendment.

Chicago, June 21.—Bolters in the national committee from the party nominee will be given short shrift hereafter by reason of an amendment to the rules governing that committee made by the rules committee of the Republican national convention.

It provides that the national committee in the future may summarily remove and appoint a successor to those who refuse to support the nominee of the convention.

The change is said to have been inspired by the situation in which the national committee now finds itself as the result of the Taft-Roosevelt battle.

Another change provided for the recognition of the members of the national committee elected in those states that have preferential primaries and making compulsory their endorsement by their respective state delegations in the convention.

TAFTS WEDDING DAY

Twenty-sixth Anniversary Observed Informally at the White House.

Washington, June 21.—In marked contrast to their silver wedding anniversary last year, the President and Mrs. Taft ended another year of their married life informally.

Mr. Taft attended to his routine duties in the executive offices, while Mrs. Taft and Miss Taft took their usual walk.

Many cards and flowers were left at the White House for the President and Mrs. Taft and many telegrams were received from various parts of the country. Last year there was a brilliant garden party to celebrate the twenty-fifth anniversary of the president's marriage, and several thousand guests were present.

Sues Doctor For \$20,000.

Norristown, Pa., June 21.—Asserting that his wife died of tetanus from a blank cartridge wound last Fourth of July because of improper medical attention, Frederick Landskron sued the attending physician, Dr. James Graber, of Roversford, for \$20,000 damages.

R. H. Bushman Cleaner and Presser

14 Chambersburg St.,
Gettysburg, Pa.

Historic Blackguards

By
Albert Payson Terhune

The Press Publishing Co. (The New York World)

Titus Oates, Conspiracy Inventor

THIS is the story of a liar whose lies caused the death of many innocent people and convulsed a whole kingdom. He was a shriveled, oily fellow, Titus Oates by name. Oates was Titus Oates, the son of an English weaver. He began life as a Baptist clergyman, was driven out of his church for perjury and became a chaplain in the British navy. He was dismissed from this service for gross misconduct and went to study for the priesthood in a Jesuit college. Here he was found to be vicious, hypocritical and worthless, and was expelled in disgrace. Thus in 1678, at the age of fifty-nine, he was cast upon the world to pick up a living by his wits. Already he had been branded as a blackguard, but now his real career of deadly mischief was beginning.

Hating the Jesuits for their just condemnation of him, he went to Charles II., king of England, and invented a story of a Jesuit plot to murder the king and to start a general massacre. His tale was an absolute lie from first to last, and it was so awkwardly devised that the king in a few careless questions exposed it as not only false but utterly absurd.

Oates was not discouraged. Palling to convince Charles of the falsehood, he went before a magistrate named Godfrey and publicly took oath that his charges were true. The government and the people at large seemed to forget that Oates had already been convicted of perjury and that his whole life was that of a man whose word was not to be credited. Panic struck statesmen and populace alike. They believed their king's life was really threatened. No proofs to the contrary nor appeals to their sanity could check this belief. The nation was made with excitement. Charles alone—remained calm and laughed at the entire affair as a hoax.

Nearly 2,000 innocent persons were arrested on Oates' false testimony as members of the conspiracy. Brave, honest, loyal Englishmen were tried and unjustly put to death on the same ridiculous charge. A reign of terror set in. No one's life seemed safe when a convicted perjurer could swear it away. Plain citizens and high nobles alike swelled the ranks of victims. Oates received a large income from the government and had a suite of rooms in the palace.

Then, as the turmoil began to die down, Oates tried to revive it, by the most atrocious charge of all. He accused the queen—a meek, pious, gentle little woman whom her husband had neglected and ill-treated—of conspiring to poison King Charles. The public once more howled with fury. Parliament tried to force the queen to leave court. Charles had the decency to put a stop to this tale by declaring his wife innocent.

Later, when Charles II. died and his brother, James II., came to the throne, Oates was convicted of perjury. A strange sentence was passed upon him. For state reasons it was deemed best not to execute this "conspiracy inventor" who had caused so many better men to die. Instead, it was decided to put him to death in another fashion. He was sentenced to pay a heavy fine, then to be clapped into the pillory (a rude wooden contrivance in which a captive's head and hands were fastened, while he was kept standing for hours exposed to public view), to receive a whipping, and then to be imprisoned for life, being taken from his cell five times a year to be pilloried again. As Oates was sixty-five years old, it was thought the terrible beating would kill him.

But he was tough. He received 1,700 lashes of the whip and was so mangled that he had to be dragged back to prison on a sledge. In spite of this treatment he recovered.

Three years later, in 1688, when James II. was deposed and William of Orange became king of England, one of William's earliest acts was to pardon Oates and to give him a royal pension of \$1,500 a year.

It is hard to understand how any monarch, in the light of Oates' crimes, could have issued such pardon and pension. Yet the fact remains. The old perjurer lived on in comfort (vainly trying to stir up new plots now and then) for the next 17 years, dying in 1705 at the age of eighty-six.

Year's Sleep in Prison.

A remarkable case of lethargy is reported from one of the towns in South Russia. A certain Moloselyinko was put on his trial in March of last year on the charge of having committed an armed robbery, but in the midst of the proceedings he dropped to the floor in what was supposed at the time to be a fainting fit, but which afterward proved a lethargic sleep.

In this condition the prisoner has lain till March 8 of the present year. He has evidently been all the time in complete possession of his wits, but was unable to move a limb, open his eyes or take food. When his eyelids were raised the pupils could be seen, and he was all the time fed by artificial means.

During his sleep he has lost some weight, but he has kept throughout the external appearance of a man in normal and healthy sleep.

Slipper Styles.

For formal evening wear Paris features the use of metal brocades. Black and gold and black and silver are the favorite combinations.

STORIES OF CAMP AND WAR

STORIES OF "FIGHTING BOB"

Interesting Tales of Famous Character While on Land and at Sea—Pistol Saves Legs.

"Fighting Bob" Evans was sent to Valparaiso, Chile, in 1891, with the little cruiser Yorktown to protect American interests. He encountered hostility from the start. There had been an insurrection and certain political refugees found asylum on the Yorktown. The Chilean government demanded their surrender and Evans refused to give them up. What happened was told afterward by Evans in an interview.

"The commanding officer at Valparaiso of the Chilean forces requested the admiral commanding one of the European squadrons on that station to say to me that unless these refugees were surrendered they would follow my ship to sea with three cruisers and an ironclad nearly four times her size and as soon as we got outside the marine league they would have to demand the surrender of the fugitives.

"I told the admiral I would not surrender the men. He informed me if the three big Chilean ships attacked me my little Yorktown would not last thirty minutes. In reply I requested the admiral to say to the officer commanding the Chilean squadron that while my little ship might not last more than thirty minutes, 'she will make a lot of trouble while she is afloat.' I steamed out of Valparaiso bay the next noon with all my refugees on board and no ship of the Chilean squadron followed me."

The Yorktown was made the target for Chilean torpedo practice and Evans himself was nearly mobbed when he went ashore. He cleared his ship for action and notified the authorities that if they didn't protect him he would protect himself. They protected him.

How Evans gained the sobriquet of "Fighting Bob" is a mooted question.



Evans Whipped Out a Revolver.

One writer has dug up a story of his Annapolis days, which credits him with having gained the nickname then.

According to this version, when the youth entered the academy he took with him a framed copy of the Lord's prayer, a gift of his mother, who told him to hang it over his bed. Rules forbade decorations in the rooms. Evans calmly ignored the rules. An inspector told him to take down the prayer. Evans promptly swore he would smash the face of the first man who touched it. The inspector referred the matter to the commandant, who took it up with the secretary of the navy. Evans wrote home about it. It got in the papers. An indignation meeting was held in the town. A special order allowing the prayer to remain was the result. And it was "Fighting Bob" after that.

Evans, in the Civil war, led a charge of marines on Fort Fisher. He was wounded in both legs and left dying on the beach within range of the Confederate guns. He asked a companion, hiding behind a sand dune, to drag him to safety. The companion declined to risk his life. Evans whipped out a revolver. The marine took the lesser of the risks.

Next day the doctor decided to amputate his legs. Evans again brought the revolver into play and the surgeon changed his mind.

What Evans told the surgeon is declared to have been a classic in its line.

He concluded by saying: "These are my legs and by the great horn spoon, I'm going to keep them." He did.

Wonderful Curiosity.

On the banks of the Willamette river, a short distance above Portland, Ore., stands one of the most remarkable rocks in the world. It is known as the Balancing rock. Rising from a broad base is a small column, roughly round in shape. Just above this is a huge mass of rock, bearing a tree on the summit, the total height of rock and column being about 100 feet. Although a great deal larger and heavier than the pillar on which it stands, the big rock is very accurately balanced. For how many centuries this odd freak has stood not even the wisest scientists are able to determine, but it has evidently been there for a very long period. The entire rock is of a volcanic nature, and the most singular thing about it is the fact that the knob and pillar are entirely disjointed from one another. Wind and weather, no doubt, are slowly wearing the Balancing rock away, but the process is so imperceptible that, failing some unforeseen catastrophe, the monument will probably endure for many centuries.

The Perfect Husband

"I should certainly like to meet your husband, Mrs. Talleck," said Mrs. Spenger.

"So should I," echoed Mrs. Bryden. All the other women said the same.

Mrs. Talleck smiled beamingly. "I hope," she told them emphatically, "that you may, I really do!"

Mrs. Talleck spoke as though it was a treat too great for mortal to receive except specially favored. It was quite as though she hoped they would each have a great fortune left them, though she doubted it. She did not seem to notice that some of the glances were freighted with dislike. If she had she doubtless would have taken the dislike as a sort of tribute. She did not wonder that the poor things were envious and jealous.

At least that is how Mrs. Spenger explained it. Mrs. Spenger and Mrs. Bryden and all the rest had husbands, of course; husbands of a sort; but compared with the sort of husband Mrs. Talleck said hers was the other husbands dwindled into such human misfits that their abashed owners pushed them farther and farther into the background each time they met Mrs. Talleck, who had recently joined their sewing club.

It was not in human nature to be otherwise than displeased that one could not come back at Mrs. Talleck gloriously and show her that her husband wasn't so much after all.

In the first place, Mrs. Talleck's husband was a remarkable looking man. Mrs. Talleck told them all about how when she first married him she was frequently embarrassed by the attention he attracted.

"And it happens yet!" she confided to them. "If you could see the way the women look at him! But I don't blame them. I don't see how they could help it. He has the most wonderful eyes—they seemed to draw one. There is something overpowering about him. I suppose you would call it personality. The minute that man steps into a room—I don't care how crowded it is—everybody feels his presence. It is comical to see how everybody stops talking and turns toward him. It is enough to make a woman proud. I can tell you!"

"Yes, indeed!" said Mrs. Bryden politely, because Mrs. Talleck looked at her expectantly when she stopped speaking. "It must be lovely!" Mrs. Bryden had heretofore been quite satisfied with her own husband, but now with a little twinge she recollected that never in her whole married career had she had the joy of witnessing a whole roomful of people paralyzed by the entry of John. Everybody had always talked right on as though nothing much had happened.

"I suppose," Mrs. Talleck proceeded, "I've grown rather used to its brilliancy—still, even yet I realize how extraordinary his wit is. I never remember his making a perfectly commonplace remark. Whenever he speaks he makes what he says count. I like that in a man!"

"Yes, indeed," agreed Mrs. Spenger, at whom Mrs. Talleck's gaze was directed. She sighed. Hitherto she had always enjoyed her own husband's talkativeness. It had seemed cheerful and boyish. It was a new sensation to be dubious on this point.

"And kind!" Mrs. Talleck added. "If there is anywhere a more considerate, polite, thoughtful man than Henry Talleck I'd like to have him shown me!" All the women looked confused. Their memories mercilessly taunted them with sundry occasions when those agreeable things. It was true, then, what they had reluctantly given up as impossible—there were men—or, at least, there was a man—who possessed all the qualities of the ideal that every woman cherishes until it is reduced to a fizzle before her eyes. And Mrs. Talleck had him!

Three meetings of the sewing club had broken up in gloom. The members had departed sadly, apologetically, hopelessly. The day when they met at Mrs. Talleck's every woman's mouth was set in a firm line. Go home at five o'clock as usual? Not they!

They lingered after tea. They admired Mrs. Talleck's embroidered napkins and the photographs and they insisted on hearing the history of each. Never before did women find so much to talk about. Nobody appeared to observe that it was more than dark outside. Not a soul, apparently, saw the clock that started them in the face.

The silence was broken an instant later by a falsetto voice that cried: "Say, why don't you oil this infernal lock? And do I smell cabbage cooking for dinner? You know I hate cabbage!"

An undersized man, wearing spectacles and a peevish expression, entered and stared at them in an annoyed way. Everybody tumultuously fled.

Two blocks away Mrs. Spenger spoke. "Do you know," she said, "I am happier this minute than I have been before since I first met Mrs. Talleck!"

Flery Colored Footwear Will Be Worn With White Suits, According to Dictates of Fashion.

A new fashion note, apropos of the popularity of white goods this spring and summer, was noted in the factory of a maker of women's high-grade shoes, where we say a large number of red kid button boots being prepared for shipment.

Upon inquiry we learned that these red kid boots were intended for wear with white suits and gowns at fashionable country and seashore resorts as a change from white footwear, it being evident to milady of fashion that she must have footwear that will take her out of the ordinary humdrum of fashion.

Her white suit or gown will have a touch of red trimming to complete the combination of a white dress and red boots.—Shoe Retailer.

WASHABLE BOWS ARE DAINTY

Always Becoming, Provided They Are Kept Up to Standard of Freshness.

There is nothing quite so dainty and becoming as a touch of white at the collar of a dress. When the frocks are of dark linen, this adds much to their attractiveness.

Not every one can wear large jabots or frills, but a small bow always looks well.

These charming bows are easily made and what is still better, they are easily laundered at home.

Small pieces of linen are used for these bows, measuring 6 1/2 by 3 1/2 inches. The edges should be button-holed in small scallops.

Pleat through the center and finish with a narrow fold of the linen.

If a pattern is first cut from paper, it is much easier to cut the linen in the desired shape.

Variety may be gained by making the pieces of linen square, or the corners may be rounded.

Two pieces of material may be used for a bow, cutting one slightly smaller than the other, forming a double bow.

A dainty spray of flowers or design may be embroidered upon either end, adding to the beauty of the bow.

This is a clever way to use small odds and ends of linen. One can never have too many small bows for warm weather wear.

Colors may be used to embroider and buttonhole the edges, matching any frock you desire to wear the bow with.

NEAT AND USEFUL DRESS THIS

Always Becoming Navy Serge Will Be Well in Making Little School Costume.

A simple but very useful little dress is shown here; it makes up well for school wear in fine navy serge.

The lower part of bodice is cut Magyar with a wide box-pleat in front; the deep yoke with tabs at each side is feather-stitched round with silk, the same trimming being worked on oversleeves, waist-band and above hem of skirt.

The main cry of "We want Teddy" soon proved too monotonous for many of them, and they varied it with "What's the matter with Teddy? He's all right." "Who's all right? Teddy," and this was picked up by a body of Wisconsin men in the east gallery, who still further varied it with their regular Wisconsin yell of "Rah, rah, rah, Win-con-sin, rah, rah, rah, Win-con-sin."

The cry of "We want Teddy" was taken up again by the Roosevelt men and began to be heard from different parts of the gallery as well as on the floor. Even the telegraph messenger boys joined in the cry and helped the excitement, such as it was, along. Apparently there was to be something doing after all, something worth while was the general idea, and even the delegates caught the excitement and the Roosevelt men redoubled their efforts and their shouts. The demonstration lasted about thirty-five minutes.

The Roosevelt men, who remained in attendance at the session of the committee on permanent organization, made a fight to delay on the report of the committee until the report of the committee on credentials had been received and acted upon by the convention.

Governor Pennell, of Delaware, carrying out the Taft program, moved that the temporary organization be made the permanent one. Ira C. Coppley, the Illinois member, put in the substitute calling for the committee to defer its action. The Roosevelt men held that action would be in recognition of the fraudulent votes which the committee on credentials had been passing upon. The motion was beaten, 22 to 7, and Senator Root will continue as presiding officer.

Titanic Bodies Drifted 370 Miles.

New York, June 21.—The captain of the steamer Ilford, which has just reached Hamburg from Galveston, reports having found the bodies of three Titanic victims 370 miles from the spot the liner sank. Papers found on the bodies showed that they were three stewards living in the Isle of Wight. The bodies were buried at sea.

Kermit Roosevelt to Be a Chemist.

Cambridge, Mass., June 21.—Kermit Roosevelt, second son of ex-President Roosevelt, is to take up chemistry as a profession. He is a member of this year's Harvard graduating class. Oliver W. Roosevelt, his cousin, who also receives his degree this week, is to be a physician.

Best Guesses.

A Scottish boy of six years, who attended a school at which prizes were given on the slightest sort of provocation, the day proudly exhibited a reward of merit earned in the realm of natural history.

"Teacher asked us how many legs a horse had, and I said five!" the lad triumphantly declaimed.

"Five!" rang the surprised adult chorus. "But, of course, you were wrong?"

"Of course," was the proud admission. "But all the other boys said six."

Mere Curiosity, of Course.

Mrs. A.—"Did you ever go to a fortune teller?"

Mrs. B.—"Yes, once. Before I was married I went to the probate court to see how much my fiancé's father had left him in his will."

Safe.

Hostess (at the conclusion of a Saturday night game of bridge)—Oh, dear, colonel! I hope you don't mind; it's ten minutes past 12 o'clock. Sunday morning, in fact!

Colonel (a strict Sabbatarian)—Not really! Dear, dear! Still, as a matter of fact, I was dumpy during the last ten minutes.—Funch.

CRISIS NEAR IN CONVENTION

Will Come When Credentials Committee Report.

STILL TALK COMPROMISE

No Business Was Transacted Yesterday, But Noisy Demonstration For Roosevelt Followed Adjournment.

Chicago, June 21.—The crisis in the Republican national convention will come when the committee on credentials report. The Roosevelt delegates declare the forty-eight contested delegates must be unseated or they will not be bound by the action of the convention.

The Roosevelt forces have practically dropped all the contests except the following: Arizona, 6; California, 2; Washington, 14; Texas, 26; a total of 48.

There is much talk of taking up a compromise candidate, Governor Hadley, of Missouri, being the person most discussed. It is said many delegates of both factions believe Taft and Roosevelt should be set aside.

Thursday's gathering of the convention adjourned to await the report of the credentials committee, after being in session less than twenty minutes. The band struck up as the delegates began to leave.

Amid the noise there suddenly came a cry of "We want Teddy." It didn't take much more than a minute for some of the Roosevelt delegates to take up the cry. They were all on their feet, and it was not possible for a minute to see just where the shouts came from, but as soon as they got in the swing one could pick out the main groups.

The Pennsylvanians were the first to get in swing, and then in quick fashion followed the Californians, Ohioans, Texans, the men from Oklahoma and the scattered Roosevelt delegates in other states. The cry grew steadily in volume.

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ALTON B. PARKER.

Selected as Temporary Chairman of Democratic Convention.



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BASE BALL SCORES.

Following is the Result of Games Played Yesterday.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
At Philadelphia—Athletics, 5; Washington, 0 (1st game). Batteries—Plank, Thomas; Engle, Beeding, Williams.
At Washington, 8; Washington, 1 (2nd game). Batteries—Brown, Lapp; Cash, Henry.

At Detroit—Detroit, 7; Cleveland, 2. Batteries—Lake, Stange; Kaler, Easlerly.
At New York—Boston, 15; New York, 8. Batteries—O'Brien, Carrigan; Ford, Sweeney, Shears, Street.

Standing of the Clubs.
W. L. PC.
Boston, 37 19 661 Detroit, 28 31 471
Athletics, 32 22 513 Cleveland, 24 39 441
Cincinnati, 34 24 580 New York, 17 33 341
Chicago, 34 25 576 St. Louis, 16 38 291

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
At Boston—New York, 21; Boston, 12. Batteries—Wiltse, Shore, Meyers; Wilson, Harley; Brown, Donnelly, Hegge, Kling, Whitehouse.

At Brooklyn—Philadelphia, 6; Brooklyn, 2. Batteries—Chalmers, Kilmer; Fargher, Miller, Kaler, Easlerly.
At Cincinnati—Pittsburgh, 6; Cincinnati, 4. Batteries—Adams, Gibson, Cole, Kelly; Keefe, Gaspar, Clark.

At St. Louis—St. Louis, 4; Chicago, 2. Batteries—Salce, Wong; Harmon, Bliss; Letfield, Brown, Archer.
Standing of the Clubs.
W. L. PC.
N. York, 40 11 784 Philadelphia, 21 26 441
Pittsburgh, 39 22 577 St. Louis, 24 34 411
Cincinnati, 27 22 551 Brooklyn, 19 31 381
Cincinnati, 31 26 544 Boston, 16 38 291

TRI-STATE LEAGUE.

At Harrisburg—Harrisburg, 4; Allentown, 2. Batteries—Myers, Miller; Chabot, Remondet.
At Trenton—Trenton, 5; Johnstown, 4. Batteries—Girard, Mitchell; Bentley, Rauh.

At Reading—Reading, 6; Allentown, 4. Batteries—Turner, Therre; Liewellyn, Kerr.
At York—Allentown, 4; York, 3. Batteries—Manning, Monroe; Culp, Murray.

Standing of the Clubs.
W. L. PC.
Trenton, 27 16 628 Allentown, 20 50 601
Harrisburg, 35 15 625 Allentown, 16 23 411
Allentown, 21 18 528 York, 17 25 401
Johnstown, 21 29 512 Reading, 16 26 381

MOTHER KILLS 3 AND SELF

Takes Children Into Darkened Room and Turns on the Gas.

Springfield, Mass., June 21.—During the absence of her husband, Mrs. Clara B. Cross took three of her six children into a darkened room and turned on the gas.

When the husband returned home all four were dead. The other children were playing in another room and knew nothing of the tragedy.

In a note the woman declared that she knew that she was insane and could never recover and enjoy the comforts of life and so she had decided to get what comfort she could in death. She wanted her children with her, she said, and asked that the oldest, Gertrude, aged nine years, be buried in the same casket with her. The other two, Hazel, eight years old, and Harold, three years old, she asked to have buried side by side in one grave.

NEW TRIAL FOR M'FARLAND

Convicted of Poisoning Wife, He Will Again Face Court.

Trenton, N. J., June 21.—By a vote of 9 to 5 the court of errors and appeals reversed the verdict of conviction on which Allison M. MacFarland was sentenced to die for killing his wife with poison at Newark. The court orders a new trial.

The man has been in the death house at the state prison in Trenton since late in the winter. He was sentenced to die in March, when the stay came by appeal to the highest court in the state.

Find Body of Drowned Actor.

Mays Landing, N. J., June 21.—The body of William C. Bean, an actor, drowned in Great Egg Harbor river, last Sunday afternoon by the capsizing of a boat, was recovered by men employed to drag the river.

Negro Delegate Predicts Outcome.

Chicago, June 21.—A southern negro delegate was asked what would be the outcome of the Republican national convention. "We will nominate Roosevelt at the zoological time," was the answer.

EZO For Bunions

Corns, Callouses and Tired Aching Burning, Swollen and Itching Feet.

Rub on EZO and rub out all soreness and misery from poor tired out feet. Walking is a pleasure; dancing a joy after you have treated your feet to a rub with EZO the refined ointment.

Don't forget the name; EZO for the feet, the only real thing for making feet feel fine and comfortable. 25 cents a jar at The People's Drug Store and money back, if not satisfied. Nothing so good for chilblains, chapped face and hands and rough skin.

FOR SALE

The farm of the late William H. Adams, five miles north of Gettysburg, along the Harrisburg state road containing seventy-five acres, three acres of timber, improved with a frame house and barn, two wells of water and all other buildings. For further information call on or address

HARVEY W. ADAMS, Executor.

SELECT PARKER TO PRESIDE

Democrats Choose Him as Temporary Chairman.

BITTER FIGHT IS EXPECTED

Arrangement Committee Acts Despite Bryan's Opposition—Other Officials Selected.

Baltimore, Md., June 21.—Alton B. Parker, of New York, the Democratic nominee for president in 1904, was chosen for the temporary chairman ship of the Democratic national convention, which meets here next week.

The selection, made by the committee on arrangements of the Democratic national committee, at its meeting at the Hotel Belvidere, is believed to foreshadow a lively fight in the convention.

The vote follows: Judge Parker, 8; Representative Henry, of Texas, 3; Senator Kern, of Indiana, 1; Senator O'Gorman, of New York, 1; Senator-elect Ollie James, of Kentucky, 3.

The committee first debated the question whether it would make the nomination. Then, taking a ballot, Judge Parker was declared selected, having received the plurality vote.

Urey Woodson, of Kentucky, was unanimously chosen as temporary secretary, and Colonel John I. Martin, of St. Louis, Mo., temporary sergeant-at-arms.

James was regarded as the candidate of Speaker Champ Clark's supporters.

The naming of Judge Parker to head the temporary organization is in open defiance of William Jennings Bryan, who has declared against the committee's choice. The action of the arrangements committee, if sustained by the national committee itself, will probably precipitate one of the most bitter fights that has ever taken place at a Democratic national convention.

Around the Hotel Belvidere no Democratic leaders did not hesitate to predict that Bryan will carry his fight against Judge Parker to the national committee, and if defeated there, to the floor of the convention itself.

In naming Judge Parker the subcommittee did so with full knowledge that the choice would precipitate a fight from Bryan and his friends. Members of the national committee not in sympathy with Bryan say a fight between the latter and his opponents is inevitable and that it might as well come over the temporary chairman ship as later on.

Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, telephoned that the New York delegation had put forward Judge Parker's name and that they wanted a fight made to select him. It was generally accepted that the fight will be carried to the floor of the convention, where it will then be determined at the opening session whether the so-called progressives or the conservatives are to name the presidential nominee and construct the party platform.

Theodore A. Bell, of California, a friend of Colonel Bryan, was talked about as likely to be named as permanent chairman of the convention.

W. F. Combs, leader of the Wilson forces, said that the Wilson people had no candidate for temporary chairman and would abide by the committee's selection. It was understood that the Clark advocates will meet in Washington today to determine their course.

SOCIALIST RULING STANDS

Judge Hanford Refuses to Reconsider Naturalization Case.

Tacoma, Wash., June 21.—United States Judge Hanford denied the motion for a rehearing in the case of Leonard Olsen, the Socialist, whose naturalization papers were revoked on the ground that they had been obtained by fraud.

The case figured prominently in the charges presented by Congressman Berger for the impeachment of Judge Hanford.

Wolgaist to Fight Attell.

San Francisco, Cal., June 21.—"Ad" Wolgaist and Abe Attell will fight here early in August at 133 pounds ring-side. Billy Nolan, manager for Attell, says he will post a side bet of \$10,000.

GENERAL MARKETS

PHILADELPHIA.—FLOUR quiet; winter clear, \$4.75@5; city mill, fancy, \$6.15@6.40.

RYE FLOUR quiet; per barrel, \$4.90@5.10.

WHEAT quiet; No. 2 red, \$1.11 1/2@1.12 1/2.

CORN quiet; No. 2 yellow, 84@84 1/2.

OATS firm; No. 2 white, 59 1/2@60c; lower grades, 58c.

POULTRY: Live steady; hens, 14c; old roosters, 10c; dressed firm; choice fowls, 15 1/2c; old roosters, 12c.

BUTTER quiet; creamery, fancy, 29c; per lb.

EGGS steady; selected, 24 @ 25c; nearby, 23c; western, 23c.

POTATOES steady; new, \$1.75@3 per barrel.

Live Stock Markets.

PITTSBURGH (Union Stock Yards).—CATTLE firm; choice, \$8.75@9.15; prime, \$8.25@8.50.

SHEEP slow; prime wethers, \$4.80@5; culls and common, \$1.50@2.50; veal calves, \$7.50@8; lambs, \$3@6.75.

HOGS firm; prime heavies, \$7.50@7.55; mediums, \$7.45@7.50; heavy Yorkers, \$7.45@7.50; light Yorkers, \$7.40@7.50; pigs, \$6.75@6.90; roughs, \$6.50@6.75.

You receive Two-for-One when you buy

DAVIS 2-4-1

Since every gallon will stand the addition of one gallon of Pure Linseed Oil, thereby making two gallons of Pure Linseed Oil Paint.

Your painting will be extremely satisfactory since your oil is pure. It will also cost you less money, since you have bought your Paint at paint price, and your Pure Oil, at oil price.

Will You Try It?

For sale by The Gettysburg Department Store, Gettysburg, Pa.

THE WESTERN MARYLAND RAILWAY

7:55 A.M. Daily Except Sunday for Baltimore, Hanover, York and Intermediate Points.

10:08 A.M. Daily for Hagerstown, Waynesboro, Chambersburg, Hanover, Cumberland, Elkins and Points West.

1:00 P.M. for York & Intermediate Points. 3:22 P.M. Daily Except Sunday, for Baltimore, Hanover, York, and Intermediate Points.

7:13 P.M. daily except Sunday for B. and O. Division Points to Hagerfield, also Hagerstown, Waynesboro, Chambersburg, Shippensburg and Hanover, Cumberland and all points west.

7:50 P.M. Daily, New Oxford, Hanover, York and immediate points to Baltimore.

NOTICE.

The School Directors of Arendtsville borough will receive bids for the building of a new annex to the old school building, size 28x38, two stories frame case with brick. All bids to be in by July 1, 1912, at 12 o'clock, noon. All bids to be sealed and accompanied by bond double the amount of bid. The school board reserves the right to reject any or all of the bids. For plans and specifications see

C. S. Rice, Sec'y.

At the same time and under the same conditions, bids will be received for a heating plant and school furniture. By order of the Board

C. S. Rice, Secretary.

THE festival which was to have been held at Arendtsville, Saturday evening, June 15, was postponed on account of rain to Saturday evening, June 22.

TEN per cent reduction on every thing except repairs at C. A. Blocher's jewelry store this week.

From Now On

During the entire fruit season, I will receive either for shipping, or buy all kinds of cherries, berries and fruit at the very highest market price. Red cherries always command more than white. If you don't understand grading or packing,

Ladies' Separate Skirts

Ladies' Fine Wool Skirts in Blacks and Blues, worth \$5, now \$3.

Ladies' Fancy Cassimere and Worsted Skirts, were 5 to \$8.50, now 3 to \$7.

These are new goods this season, but we must close them out to make room.

Men's Separate Dress Trousers, in White and Fancy Serge, were \$5.50, now \$4.65.

Men's Fine Cassimere and Worsted Pants, were 4.50 to \$5.50, now \$3.95.

Men's 3 to \$4.50 pants, now 2.75 to \$3.75.

FUNKHOUSER & SACHS

"The Home Of Fine Clotnes"

Centre Square, - - Gettysburg, Pa.

The Farm Hand

"I don't see, Ianthe, why you persist in going to the country every season," said Mrs. Montague, frowning slightly.

Ianthe, a tall, graceful girl of 20, smiled wisely. "I think you have a faint idea why I go," she answered.

Mrs. Montague flushed a little and looked uncomfortable. "Well, I know I'm fond of Mr. Dean, and if you knew him I'm sure you'd like him, too. No one can blame me if I want to see my only child comfortably settled. Some time, sooner or later, I shall have to give up my little girl, and I had rather give her to him than to any one else. He's a man every one likes and trusts, somehow."

Ianthe slipped her arm about her mother's neck tenderly. "I know you think only of my good, mamma, dear," she murmured. "But you won't have to give me up for—oh, a long time yet, I hope."

"Mrs. Norcross will be so disappointed, Ianthe," said Mrs. Montague, after a moment of silence. "She has set her heart upon your coming with me."

"I don't want to visit Mrs. Norcross, mother—I might go if Mr. Dean wasn't such a frequent caller at her home. And I do want to go down to Mrs. Kingsley's again."

The following week found Ianthe Montague at the Kingsley's. Mrs. Kingsley had been an old schoolmate of her mother, and for the past two summers the girl had spent a few weeks at her home. Her chief reason for going was that she did not want to meet the man whose good qualities her mother was always exploiting. Mrs. Montague had first met him at Mrs. Norcross' home two years ago.

It was the hay-making season and the Kingsleys had several farm hands. Two of them Ianthe remembered seeing the previous summer, but the third, a tall, fine-looking young man, with a highly intellectual face, was a stranger.

Ianthe looked at him frequently in astonishment and wondered why a man of this type should have no higher ambition.

At the end of a month she began to fear that she was thinking of him more than she should, and when two months had elapsed she was obliged to confess to herself that she was really beginning to care for James Clifford. She knew it was shameful. She, a descendant of a family who prided itself upon never marrying outside of its own class, was actually fond of a poor farm hand. She declared that she would thrust him from her.

Picking up a book, she went out into the grove back of the house and tried to fix her wandering attention upon its contents. But she turned the leaves absent-mindedly, for her thought refused to leave James Clifford.

Just then a step sounded behind her, and turning quickly she beheld the object of her thoughts. In spite of herself a deep crimson mounted to her brow. It seemed almost as if she had spoken her thoughts and he had heard them.

"I have something to say to you, Miss Montague," he said, seating himself beside her on the settee. "Mrs. Kingsley has told me that you think of returning home tomorrow."

"Yes," she answered, briefly. This was an unheard of liberty for him, to sit beside her, and she tried to look displeased, but she made a miserable failure of it.

"You must have seen that I love you, Ianthe," he began, boldly, just as if he had been her equal. "If you can only care for me a little I shall be the happiest man on earth."

Ianthe was silent, but she thought rapidly. She must not listen to him, she told herself, it would break her mother's heart if she should promise to marry James Clifford. Still he was a noble man, and she loved—yes, she loved him with her whole heart.

"Are you angry, Ianthe?" he asked when she did not speak. "I understand—you don't care for me, and—"

Ianthe looked up shyly. "I haven't said—I didn't—care," she faltered.

"Is it possible that you care for a poor man?" he asked, reaching over and taking one of the small hands in his own.

"It makes no difference to me—whether you are rich or poor," she answered, softly.

"I've something to confess, Ianthe," he said, after a moment. There was an anxious look on his face. "I'm not what you thought me," he went on. "I've deceived you, but say you'll forgive me—"

"I don't understand," interposed the girl in bewilderment.

"I'm not a farm hand—my name is James Clifford—Dean, the man you didn't want to meet," he went on. "I learned from Mrs. Norcross that you were coming here and it was not difficult for me to guess why you didn't care to visit her with your mother. As Frank Kingsley and I used to be good friends at college, I came here, and pretended to be one of the farm hands. I was curious to see the girl who didn't want to see me. And from the moment I saw you, Ianthe, I have loved you. You'll forgive me for the deception, won't you, dear?" he pleaded.

Ianthe looked into his face with a smile. "There's really nothing for me to forgive," she murmured, happily.

Destructive Pennsylvania Deer.

A traveler along the Sugar Camp road the other day saw three deer, a buck and two does, standing at the very edge of the road near a watering trough. They appeared to be as little concerned as cattle, and made no sign of fright until the driver cracked his whip at them. Then they took to the tall timber.

Just a few days before that Henry Dill, near Trout Run, saw a drove of 14 deer along the road not two miles from the farms. It is in that region that last year several farmers had their wheat crop ruined by droves of deer jumping fences and browsing on the tender growth. There is a strong sentiment among the farmers, who are thus put to loss by these animals, that if they would kill them while on foraging expeditions on their lands the law couldn't harm them. If the deer try their thievery out this spring there is liable to be just such cases put up to the state game authorities. —Williamsport Correspondence North American.

Comparison.

"Six quarts of oats seems a heap for that old horse," said Farmer Corn-tassel.

"You ought to treat your horse as well as you treat yourself," replied his wife.

"I know. But if I was to eat six quarts of breakfast food every day, you'd say I was mighty extravagant."

Busy at Bridge.

"Miss Mabel, I should like to speak to you."

"Just a minute."

"I should like to ask you to be my wife."

"You are interrupting the bridge game, Mr. Wombat. Wait until I'm dummy."

Woman.

A gentleman sat down to write a deed and began with "Know all women by these presents."

"You are wrong," said a bystander, "it ought to be, 'know all men.'"

"Very well," answered the other, "if all women know it, all men will, of course."—Life.

Proposals for Repair of Bridge

The Commissioners of Adams County will receive bids for new pier and repairs to the present wooden bridge over Conocochee Creek at East Berlin (Harrisburg Street) up to eleven (11) o'clock A. M. July 24, 1912. Bids shall be separate for the pier and for the repairs to the superstructure. Bids for the repairs to the superstructure shall be a lump sum covering all the work called for. Bids for the substructure shall be a lump sum covering the pier as shown on the plan and also giving a price per cubic yard for which excavation and concrete shall be placed below the depth called for on the plan.

Bidders shall deposit with the County Commissioners, at least one hour before the opening of the bids, a certified check for Fifty (\$50) Dollars for the bid for the substructure, and a certified check for Fifty (\$50) Dollars for the bid for the repairs to the superstructure. These checks shall be returned by the County Commissioners to the unsuccessful bidders as soon as the contracts have been awarded, and to the successful bidder upon filing of bond as called for.

The successful bidder shall file with the County Commissioners a satisfactory bond for the amount of the contract.

Bids will be opened at Twelve (12) o'clock M., July 24, 1912.

The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

All intending bidders must examine the site and make their own measurements and the Commissioners will not be held responsible for any error or misunderstanding arising from the Contractors not being familiar with the work.

Plans and specification on the proposed new pier and repairs are on exhibition in the Commissioners' office, and may there be examined by any contractors interested in the same.

N. R. BEAMER
S. M. KEAGY
S. Mc. EICHLTZ,
County Commissioners.

Attest: George W. Baker, Clerk.

Report of the condition of the National Bank of Arentsville

AT ARENTSVILLE, PA., at the close of business June 14, 1912.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts	99,013 58
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	272 52
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	25,000 00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	365 00
Bonds, securities, etc.	18,713 13
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures	4,678 44
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	320 02
Due from approved reserve agents	5,320 56
Checks and other cash items	100 00
Notes of other National Banks	490 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	22 42
LAWFUL MONEY RESERVE IN BANK, VIZ:	
Specie	7,550 70
Legal-tender notes	740 00
	8,290 70
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	1,250 00
Total	163,826 38

LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in	24,500 00
Surplus Fund and undivided profits	7,677 29
National Bank notes outstanding	24,500 00
Individual deposits subject to check	17,647 62
Time certificates of deposit	83,961 47
Cashier's checks outstanding	50 00
Bills payable, including certificate of deposit for money borrowed	5,000 00
Total	163,826 38

State of Pennsylvania ss: I, L. H. RICE, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

L. H. RICE, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of June, 1912.

P. S. Orner, Notary Public.
My commission expires May 10, 1913.

Correct Attest: S. G. BUCHER,
D. T. KOSER,
W. E. WOLFF,
Directors.

C. S. Mumper and Co will sell a lot of second hand household goods Saturday, June 22nd.

KIMONOS, long and short, in crepe and lawn. Just what you want for the hot afternoon, \$1.00 to \$2.00. G. W. Weaver and Son.



Foot Moulded Ralston SHOES

Set the pace for style

The most exacting man adopts the Ralston for "his" after the first pair is once worn. In Ralstons are embodied style, character, elegance, comfort. The other winning "points" are many. Treat yourself to a pair of "real" shoes—RALSTON SHOES—today and learn the lesson of wisdom.

Scout Shoes for Men and Boys

Shoes for women in Blacks, Tans, White Canvas and Buck; Patent Leathers. The latest styles.

O. H. LESTZ

Cor. Square and Carlisle St., Gettysburg, Pa.

Fifty Years Ago

The titanic struggle between the North and South was being waged. The semi-centennial of this greatest of all modern wars makes everything pertaining to it of peculiar interest at the present time, and a stirring Civil War story is particularly appropriate now. It is for that reason we have arranged to print:

My Lady of the North

By RANDALL PARRISH

Author of "Bob Hampton of Placer," "Keith of the Border," etc.

This is the greatest of all the great historical stories Mr. Parrish has given to American readers. It is a swift, intense, adventurous romance, with some mystery, as much action as is possible to crowd into one story, plenty of realism of what may be termed the romantic variety, and a glow which will enlist your sympathies as well as your attention.

On as black a night as any daring soldier could ask, a cavalry captain rode out from the Army of Northern Virginia to carry certain dispatches from General Lee through the Union Lines. The officer is Captain Philip Wayne, and a gallant Virginian in every sense of the word. He is at once plunged from one dangerous adventure into another, and the dashing style in which he describes them will keep you enthusiastic and fairly breathless in your effort to keep up.

You Will Not Want to Miss a Single Line of the Story and We Strongly Advise You to Watch for the Opening Chapter

DROP into Raymond's Auto Kitchen for a refreshing plate of ice cream. All flavors made from fresh fruit usually on hand.

HOUSE for rent, No. 329 York street, newly built. All conveniences, bath, heat, gas. Possession given July 1st. Apply Times office

Made - Fresh - Daily

FROM FRESH FRUIT

PEACH, STRAWBERRY, PINEAPPLE, ICE CREAM

CHOCOLATE, VANILLA, CHERRY

Brick Ice Cream A Specialty

Packed and delivered anywhere in town, or on sale at the following restaurants

Raymond's, Spangler's, Hemler's, Butt's, M. S. Yohe's and the People's Drug Store

Gettysburg Ice & Storage Company.